# Judicial Procedures Survey for the Honorable Roger L. Efremsky

Many years ago, well before the implementation of ECF filings, the Bench-Bar Liaison Committee generated a survey of the Northern District Bankruptcy Judges. The questions focused on various practice procedures utilized by the judges and the questions and responses were printed out in a black notebook. The following is an effort to update and replace the old notebook. We have surveyed the judges in response to a series of questions divided up into different topics. Each judge's responses to the survey are posted online in the section specific to that judge. In the event of any conflict between the judge's responses to the survey and his or her posted procedures and practice, the posted procedures and practice, as well as the Local Rules will control.

Please direct questions and comments to: http://www.canb.uscourts.gov/procedures/dist/bench-bar-liaison-committee-roster

#### I. CALENDAR HEARINGS

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge schedule particular types of matters for certain days or times?	Yes.  - Chapter 13 Law and Motion – Every Wednesday at 1:30 - Chapter 7 & 11 Law and Motion – Every Wednesday at 2:00 - Chapter 13 Confirmation - Typically held on the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Tuesday of each month at 1:30 - Adversary Proceeding Status Conference – 1 <sup>st</sup> Tuesday of each month at 1:30 - Chapter 11 Status Conference – 4 <sup>th</sup> Tuesday of each month at 1:30 - Adversary Law and Motion – Every Thursday at 11:00
2.	Does the judge allow hearings to be set by parties and attorneys using a "self- calendaring" system (in which a range of dates are available for selection without having a date personally from the courtroom deputy)?	Yes
3.	May parties and attorney contact the judge's staff to request the Court to specially set a date and time for a longer hearing?	Yes – please contact the Courtroom Deputy

4.	Where are the daily calendars of the	Court's website
	judge's hearings posted?	

#### II. TENTATIVE RULINGS

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge issue tentative rulings?	Occasionally
2.	How are the tentative rulings made known to the parties?	Usually with Docket Text Orders or other documents docketed via ECF.
3.	If the tentative rulings are posted on the Court's website, does the judge update tentative rulings?	N/A
4.	If the judge issues tentative rulings in advance of the hearing, may the parties submit without an appearance?	Yes
5.	If the parties may submit on the Court's tentative ruling without an appearance, must they notify the calendar clerk before the hearing that they are doing so, or may they simply not appear without notice?	Parties must notify the Courtroom Deputy and opposing parties or their counsel.

# III. EMERGENCY MATTERS AND APPLICATIONS FOR ORDERS SHORTENING TIME FOR HEARING

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge allow hearings on an emergency basis (less than 48 hours' notice)?	Yes – Ch 11 First Day matters (no OST required) TROs are generally heard on at least 72 hours notice (no OST required) All other matters require an OST and compliance with B.L.R. 9006-1(c).
2.	If so, who is the point of contact for arranging for consideration of emergency motions?	Courtroom Depurty: Ms. Monica Burley, 510-879-3541 or monica_burley@canb.uscourts.gov
3.	Does the judge calendar a hearing on an emergency motion prior to receipt and review of moving papers?	No.

4.     5.	For emergency motions or hearings on shortened time, does the judge require delivery of the judge's copy of the moving or responding papers to chambers?  Does the judge act on emergency	Yes  Only where the Bankruptcy Code or Rules (e.g. FRBP 4001(a)(2)) permit such
J.	motions without requiring notice to any party whatsoever?	action.
6.	Does the judge require declarants to be present in court on emergency motions?	No
7.	Does the judge require some notice to another party before granting an application for order shortening time for hearing?	Yes, as required by B.L.R. 9006-1(c)
8.	Does the judge grant orders shortening time for hearings (other than emergency matters) upon a showing of good cause?	Yes, provided the requesting party complies with B.L.R. 9006-1.
9.	Does the judge routinely grant orders shortening time for hearings on the following matters?  (a) Relief from stay motion in residential unlawful detainer cases	(a) Yes (b) OST not necessary (c) Yes (d) OST not necessary (e) Most other matters for good cause shown or on stipulation of the parties
	(b) Chapter 11 first day motions, including cash collateral hearings	
	<ul><li>(c) Sales of property</li><li>(d) Applications for temporary restraining orders</li></ul>	
	(e) Other matters (please specify)	

# IV. HEARINGS & TELEPHONIC APPEARANCES

	Questions	Response
1.	Are telephonic appearances are	Yes
	generally allowed by the judge?	
2.	What matters, if any, will the judge <b>not</b>	(a) Debtor's counsel only
	allow telephonic appearances?	(b) No
	(a) Disclosure Statement &	(c) When client is present in court
	Confirmation Hearings	
	(b) Evidentiary Hearings	
	(c) Other matters (please specify)	
3.	Does the judge consider priority	Yes
	requests from counsel at the time of	
	calendar call?	
4.	Does the judge hear stipulations and	Yes
	uncontested matters and requests for	
	continuances before hearing opposed	
	matters?	
5.	Does the judge sign orders on the	Only if an order is needed immediately or the submitter is not an ECF registered
	bench at the conclusion of a hearing?	participant; otherwise all orders are to be uploaded electronically.

# V. PROCESSING ORDERS

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the court require an order to be	Either approved as to form or served in accordance with B.L.R. 9021-1(c).
	approved as to form prior to being submitted?	
2.	If not, does the court lodge an order for	The rule says that orders not approved as to form will "ordinarily" be lodged for
	7 days under LBR 9021-1 (c)?	seven days

3.	What procedure does the judge prefer if	(a) No.
3.	there is an objection to the form of	
	· ·	(b) Objector should email law clerks (jane_fabian@canb.uscourts.gov and
	order that cannot be resolved by the	shannon mounger-lum@canb.uscourts.gov) and cc: opposing party. Email
	parties?	should attach a copy of the letter and any competing orders the parties want the
	(a) File a formal objection	court to consider.
	(b) letter to the judge setting forth	(c) No. Upon receipt of letter, Court will contact parties if conference call is
	the objection	necessary.
	(c) Contact the judge's clerk to set	(d) Option (b) only.
	up a conference call	
	(d) Either procedure (please	
	specify)	
4.	If a large number of parties are entitled	ECF, but counsel will be required to serve by mail if more than twenty-five
	to receive notice of entry of an order	parties will be receiving electronic notice.
	signed by the judge, what procedure	
	does the judge use to accomplish	
	service of notice of entry of that order?	
5.	What are the judge's procedures when	See No. 3, above.
	parties cannot agree on the form of the	, and the second
	order?	
6.	How long should counsel or parties	Three days after the seventh day that the order has been lodged.
	wait before contacting the staff	
	regarding the status of a lodged order?	
7.	Does the judge permit attorneys and	No.
' '	parties to communicate with the law	
	clerk regarding rejected proposed	
	orders?	
	orders:	

# VI. JUDGE'S COPIES OF FILED DOCUMENTS

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the court require courtesy copies	Yes, where the filings relate to scheduled hearings (on motions for relief from
	of pleadings filed in the case?	stay, the Court does not want copies of exhibits unless specifically requested).
2.	Are there exceptions to this rule, e.g.	See above
	relief from stay motions?	

# VII. COMMUNICATIONS WITH JUDGE'S STAFF

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge allow attorneys and pro	(a) Yes
	per parties to communicate with the	(b) See section V(6).
	judge's courtroom deputy regarding:	(c) Yes, unless required otherwise, such as the three-day notices in B.L.R. 3017-
	(check where appropriate)	1 (b) and 3020-1(c) or in the Judge's Trial Scheduling Order.
	(a) Scheduling matters	
	(b) Status of orders	
	(c) Other matters (please describe)	
2.	Does the judge permit attorneys and	(a) No, but contact with the courtroom deputy (Ms. Monica Burley) is
	pro per parties to communicate with the	permitted.
	judge's law clerks regarding: (check	(b) No.
	where appropriate)	(c) Only to report settlement or resolution of a pending matter, to provide the
	(a) Scheduling matters	three-day notice that a plan or DS hearing is going forward, to provide notice
	(b) Status of orders	that a trial is going forward, to object to a form of a submitted order, or pursuant
	(c) Other matters (please describe)	to a specific court order or directive to do so.

# VIII. STATUS CONFERENCES

	Questions	Response
Chaj	oter 11 Cases:	
1.	Are status conferences held in Chapter 11 cases?	Yes.
2.	Are status conference statements required?	Yes
3.	Are the required contents of the statement set forth in the judge's order setting the status conference?	Yes
4.	Is the debtor or debtor's responsible individual required to appear at the status conference?	Yes
5.	Will the judge set plan filing deadlines at the status conference?	Possibly

6.	Can the status conference be	Because the status conference is noticed to all creditors, continuances in advance
	continued? If so, can what is the	are not normally permitted.
	preferred method for doing so?	are not not many permitted.
7.	Does the judge impose sanctions for	No hard and fast rule on this.
'	failure to file the status conference	1 10 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111
	report?	
8.	Is a scheduling order prepared after a	Yes. Generally prepared by Debtor's counsel, sometimes prepared by the Court.
	status conference when the judge sets a	
	plan and disclosure statement deadline	
	and if so, who prepares the order?	
Adve	rsary Proceedings:	
9.	Are status conference statements	Yes. Seven days prior to the hearing.
	required? If so, when are they due?	
10.	Are the required contents of the	No.
	statement set forth in the judge's order	
	setting the status conference?	
11.	Does the judge impose sanctions for	No hard and fast rule. Depends on facts of case.
	failure to file the status conference	
	statement?	
12.	Is the represented party required to	No
	appear at the status conference?	
13.	Will the judge set a trial date at the	Only occasionally at the first status conference.
	status conference?	
14.	Does the judge require the parties to	The court expects the parties to develop a discovery plan. It does not need to be
	file a discovery plan?	filed, but merely outlined.
15.	Can the status conference be	If the parties stipulate to a continuance they should select a new date on the open
	continued? If so, what is the preferred	calendar and plaintiff should: (1) notify the courtroom deputy by e-mail at least
	method for doing so, and what, if any,	seven days prior to the scheduled date; (2) promptly file a stipulation showing
	deadlines apply?	the agreed continued date and time; and (3) upload an order approving the
		stipulation that includes the continued date and time. Despite agreement by the
		parties, the continuance is still subject to Court approval.
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# IX. RELIEF FROM STAY MOTIONS

	Questions		Response
1.	staten	oppearances required if there is a nent of non-opposition from the r and trustee?	Yes.
2.	relief	lephonic appearances allowed at from stay matters?	Yes
3.	Will to hearin	he court hear testimony at a final g?	Not normally
4.		the judge grant ex parte relief stay in unlawful detainer cases?	If ex parte means without notice, then only if FRBP 4001 (a)(2) would apply. If ex parte means on shortened time, yes.
5.	for ha	the judge have special procedures ndling residential relief from stay ns? What are they?	No
6.	on mo	the judge permit shortened notice of the judge permit shortened notice of the following:  A prior unlawful detainer judgment	<ul> <li>(a) Yes, as long as B.L.R. 9006-1 followed.</li> <li>(b) Yes, as usually the APO permits expedited consideration following default.</li> <li>(c) Yes, as long as B.L.R. 9006-1 followed.</li> <li>(d) Yes, as long as B.L.R. 9006-1 followed.</li> </ul>
	(b)	A prior adequate protection order	<ul><li>(e) Not likely.</li><li>(f) N/A</li></ul>
	(c)	Multiple bankruptcy filings	(g) When good cause shown, and B.L.R. 9006-1 followed.
	(d)	Other conduct constituting bad faith	(8) When good eduse shown, and D.D.R. 7000-1 followed.
	(e)	A Chapter 13 confirmation hearing is already scheduled	
	(f)	None of the above	
	(g)	Other (please specify)	

7.	Does the judge hear relief from stay motions on shortened notice in <b>non-residential</b> unlawful detainer cases?	Yes
8.	Does the judge require declarants to be present in court for final (evidentiary) hearing on motions from relief from the automatic stay?	Only if permission has been granted to present oral testimony at the final hearing.
9.	Upon an appropriate evidentiary showing, will the judge award prospective relief from stay effective for 180 days in future bankruptcy cases filed by the debtor?	Yes
10.	Does the judge grant requests for retroactive annulment of the automatic stay?	Yes

# X. MOTION PRACTICE

	Questions	Response
1.	When does the judge require declarants to be present in court on emergency motions or hearings on shortened time?	No
2.	When does the judge require declarants to be present in court on regularly scheduled motions?	Normally evidence not taken on motion calendar, so declarants' presence not required.
3.	Does the judge require written evidentiary objections to be made in a separate document?	Yes
4.	Can a party continue a motion on its own?	Moving party may continue a motion by filing a notice of continued hearing at least three (3) court days prior to the scheduled hearing.

5.	Can a hearing on a motion be continued by stipulation?	Yes. If the parties stipulate to a continuance they should select a new date on the open calendar, then plaintiff should: (1) notify the courtroom deputy by e-mail at least two court days prior to the scheduled date; (2) promptly file a stipulation showing the agreed continued date and time; and (3) upload an order approving the stipulation that includes the continued date and time.
6.	Does the judge allow true ex parte relief (without notice to the opposing party) when issuing temporary restraining orders?	FRCP 65(b), incorporated by FRBP 7065, applies and describes when a TRO may be issued without notice.
7.	If not, what notice does the judge require?	Normally 72 hour notice is required for an application for a TRO.

# XI. PROOF OF SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge deny motions for failure of the moving party to prepare and timely file proof of service which complies with all of the requirements of Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-3?	Yes
2.	Does the judge continue motions to allow movant to provide proof of service?	Yes
3.	Does the judge deny motions for failure to identify on the proof of service the capacity in which parties have been served as required by the Local Bankruptcy Rule 9013-3(b)	Not normally.

# XII. CONTINUANCES

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge allow for continuances of motions other than by noticed motion or written stipulation?	Yes
2.	Does the judge permit stipulated or unopposed oral requests for continuances?	Yes
3.	Does the judge permit continuances of disclosure statement hearings or confirmation hearings by stipulation of the parties?	Yes, but since the hearing is noticed to all creditors, continuances in advance are not normally permitted. If, however, Debtors gives written notice to all creditors and sufficient time permits adequate notice, it may be allowed.

# XIII. DISCOVERY DISPUTES

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge require a noticed motion in order to hear a discovery dispute?	No
2.	Does the judge resolve discovery disputes by conference calls?	Yes. They should be arranged through the courtroom deputy, who will expect an e-mail from the requesting party, with cc: to the opposition, outlining briefly the nature of the dispute.
3.	Does the judge hear discovery dispute motions without full compliance with the requirements of Civil Local Rule 37 (a)(1)?	Yes
4.	Does the judge mandate strict compliance with the Civil Local Rule 37 (a)(1) requiring that the parties to a discovery dispute to meet and confer?	Yes

5.	Does the general discovery cutoff date	Yes
	include disclosure of expert witnesses?	
6.	What is the deadline for holding a	No set deadline
	hearing on a discovery dispute motion?	

# XIV. CONVERSION AND RULE 2004 MOTIONS

	Questions	Response
1.	What is the minimum amount of notice the judge requires for a FRBP 2004 Examination?	Normally fourteen days.
2.	Does the judge sign orders on initial motions to convert the case from Chapter 7 to Chapter 11, 12 or 13 or from Chapter 11 to Chapter 7 without a hearing?	B.L.R. 1017-1 applies on most conversions from 7 to 13. No hearing required for voluntary conversion to Ch 11 or 12. Voluntary conversion from Ch 11 to Ch 7 does not require a hearing except as set forth in section 1112(a)(1)-(3).
3.	Does the judge rule on motions under FRBP 2004 without a hearing?	Yes
4.	What procedures does the judge require in order for a party to object to a 2004 exam or the documents demanded as part of the 2004 exam?	Treated as a discovery dispute. Parties to meet and confer, then, if needed, set up telephone conference through courtroom deputy.
5.	Does the judge require meet and confer efforts before a motion for protective order has been filed regarding a FRBP 2004 examination?	Yes

# XV. CONSUMER CASES

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge require hearings on reaffirmation agreements if the party is represented by counsel and counsel has certified that the party has the ability to meet the obligations of the agreement, despite the presumption of undue hardship?	Not normally, assuming counsel has adequately explained his or her rationale.
2.	Does the judge require an adversary proceeding to avoid a junior lien?	No
3.	Does the judge require the debtor's presence at confirmation hearings?	Yes, but appearances can be excused for good cause. This request should be made via email to the Courtroom Deputy.
4.	Does the judge require pre-hearing statements prior to confirmation hearings? If so, does the judge prefer a joint statement?	Yes and yes.
5.	Does the judge require debtor's counsel to be physically present in court for relief from stay hearings?	No. Telephone appearances permitted, unless the debtor will appear in person. Counsel must appear in person in that event.
6.	Does the judge allow step plans in which monthly payments are increased during plan performance?	Yes
7.	Will the judge confirm a plan prior to a loan modification being finalized, provided creditor is receiving adequate protection payments?	No as of August 1, 2015

8.	At reli	ef from stay hearings does the	(a) Normally if not opposed
	judge: (a)	Require waiver of the Rule 4001 stay?	(b) May, if not opposed
	(b)	Allow a three strikes provision that allow automatic relief from stay if a debtor is late on three payments?	

# XVI. CHAPTER 11 PROCEDURES

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge prefer that a party use the combined model plan and disclosure statement for individual Chapter 11 cases?	Yes, except with unusually complex financial circumstances.
2.	Does the judge prefer that a party use the combined model plan and disclosure statement for corporate Chapter 11 cases?	Yes, for simple case that will not require extensive deviations.
3.	Does the judge allow less than 35 days' notice of the hearing on a disclosure statement?	No, except in unusual circumstances. In that case, an order shortening time should be sought.
4.	Does the judge use a fast track procedure involving preliminary review and conditional approval of disclosure statements without a hearing?	No.
5.	Does the judge allow the plan and disclosure statement be combined into a single document in Chapter 11 cases that are not small business Chapter 11 cases?	Yes
6.	Does the judge require the plan	No. Offer of proof is acceptable for uncontested plans.

	proponent to submit admissible evidence for the plan confirmation hearing to prove the plan is confirmable?	
7.	If so, can the plan proponent do this by offer of proof or by pre-hearing submission of a declaration?	Yes, if plan is uncontested.
8.	Does the judge prefer the bar date for administrative claims be in the plan, in the order confirming the plan or does the court set such date by separate order?	No preference.

# XVII. DEFAULT JUDGMENT

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge require admissible evidence in support of a motion for default judgment?	Yes, except for avoidance actions brought by trustees
2.	Does the judge require a hearing on a motion for default judgment?	Normally yes.
3.	If so, does the judge require 28 days' notice of such a hearing?	Yes. At the Default hearing the defaulted defendant WILL be allowed to cross-examine witnesses but will NOT be allowed to present oral or documentary evidence.

# XVIII. TRIAL PROCEDURES

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge have mandatory trial	Yes
	procedures in addition to requirements	
	under the Local Bankruptcy Rules?	
2.	If so, how are these procedures	In Trial Scheduling Order issued for each trial.
	obtained?	

3.	When are trial dates set by the judge?	At the status conference.
4.	Does the judge hold pre-trial conferences and if so when are those held relative to the trial date?	Yes.
5.	Does the judge require direct testimony from witnesses in party's control to be presented by declaration?	Generally only expert testimony.
6.	If not required, under what circumstances does the judge permit direct testimony from witnesses in a party's control to be presented by declaration upon the request of the parties?	If the Court believes it will be more helpful to the Court in making its decision.
7.	Does the judge have published procedures regarding the exchange of declarations in advance of trial?	Yes, in Trial Scheduling Order.
8.	Does the judge require parties to present written evidentiary objections to trial declarations and exhibits of the opposing party in advance of trial?	The Court may. Parties are expected to meet and confer about anticipated objections.
9.	Does the judge require the exchange of witness lists before trial?	Yes, in Trial Scheduling Order.
10.	Does the judge require the submission of bench copies of the exhibits before trial?	Yes.
11.	How are the judge's special procedures for presentation of exhibits in the judge's courtroom obtained?	In Trial Scheduling Order
12.	Does the judge have any deadline for bringing motions in limine? If so, when are they set.	Yes, in Trial Scheduling Order.

# XIX. SETTLEMENT AND MEDIATION

	Questions	Response
1.	Does the judge sua sponte order parties to the court's Bankruptcy Dispute Resolution Program?	Only if both sides agree.
2.	Does the judge use settlement conferences to encourage disposition of adversary proceedings and contested matters?	Yes – conducted by a neutral third party or other judge.
3.	Does the judge use settlement conferences to encourage disposition of Chapter 11 plan confirmation disputes?	Yes – conducted by a neutral third party or other judge.
4.	Would the judge act upon request as a settlement judge on the case assigned to him or her as the trial judge?	No